

## READING READINESS

1. Reads at grade level.

| Trimester | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | 4 |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1st | Student has achieved reading <br> success at Level G or below. | Student has achieved reading <br> success at Level H or I. | Student has achieved reading <br> success at Level J or K. | Student has achieved reading <br> success at Level L or above. |
| 2nd | Student has achieved reading <br> success at Level I or below. | Student has achieved reading <br> success at Level J or K. | Student has achieved reading <br> success at Level L. | Student has achieved reading <br> success at Level M or above. |
| 3rd | Student has achieved reading | Student has achieved reading | Student has achieved reading | Student has achieved reading |

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|  | success at Level J or below. | success at Level K or L. | success at Level M. |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Reading level as indicated on the Teachers College Reading Level Benchmarks for the Independent Reading Level Assessment (IRLA). |  |  |  |  |
| 2. Uses various strategies to decode text (pictures, context, phonics). |  |  |  |  |
| Trimester | 1 | 2 | 4 |  |
| ALL | Student is unable or rarely able to <br> use phonic skills, picture clues, <br> and context clues to figure out <br> unknown words. | Student sometimes uses phonic <br> skills, picture clues, and context <br> clues to figure out unknown words. | Student consistently uses phonic <br> skills, picture clues, and context <br> clues to figure out unknown words. | Student is able to use skills in a <br> higher level text. |

3. Reads with comprehension: Literal (main idea, details, character, setting, retells accurately).
$\rightarrow$ Demonstrates successful understanding of the text through retelling, summarizing, and interpreting the main idea.

| Trimester | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1st | - Student rarely demonstrates literal understanding of stories and informational texts. <br> - Retellings and responses are simple, demonstrate little understanding of the text, and are generally based on pictures. <br> - Student does not use target comprehension skills. <br> - Student has achieved comprehension success at Level $G$ or below. | - Student sometimes demonstrates some literal understanding of stories and informational texts. <br> - Retellings and responses demonstrate a partial understanding of the text and partial application of target comprehension skills. <br> - Student has achieved comprehension success at Level H or I. | - Student consistently demonstrates a literal understanding of stories and informational texts. <br> - Retellings and responses demonstrate an adequate understanding of the text and partial application of learned comprehension skills. <br> - Student has achieved comprehension success at Level J or K. | In above-grade-level texts: <br> - Student consistently demonstrates <br> a strong literal understanding of texts. <br> - Retellings and responses demonstrate an adequate literal understanding of the text and application of above-level comprehension skills. <br> - Student has achieved comprehension success at Level L or above. |
| 2nd | - Student rarely demonstrates literal understanding of stories and informational texts. <br> - Retellings and responses are simple, demonstrate little understanding of the text, and are generally based on pictures. | - Student sometimes demonstrates literal understanding of stories and informational texts. <br> - Retellings and responses demonstrate a partial understanding of the text and partial application of target comprehension skills. | - Student usually demonstrates a literal understanding of stories and informational texts. <br> - Retellings and responses demonstrate an adequate understanding of the text and application of | In above-grade-level texts: <br> - Student consistently demonstrates a strong literal understanding of texts. <br> - Retellings and responses demonstrate a thorough literal understanding of the text and |

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|  | - Student does not use target comprehension skills. <br> - Student has achieved comprehension success at Level I or below. | - Student has achieved comprehension success at Level J or K. | learned comprehension skills. <br> - Student has achieved comprehension success at Level L. | application of above-level comprehension skills. <br> - Student has achieved comprehension success at Level M or above. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3rd | - Student rarely demonstrates literal understanding of stories and informational texts. <br> - Retellings and responses are simple, demonstrate little understanding of the text, and are generally based on pictures. <br> - Student does not use target comprehension skills. <br> - Student has achieved comprehension success at Level J or below. | - Student sometimes demonstrates literal understanding of stories and informational texts. <br> - Retellings and responses demonstrate a partial understanding of the text and partial application of target comprehension skills. <br> - Student has achieved comprehension success at Level K. | - Student adequately demonstrates a literal understanding of stories and informational texts. <br> - Retellings and responses demonstrate an adequate understanding of the text and application of learned comprehension skills. <br> - Student has achieved comprehension success at Level M. | In above-grade-level texts: <br> - Student proficiently demonstrates a strong literal understanding of texts. <br> - Retellings and responses demonstrate an adequate literal understanding of the text and application of above-level comprehension skills. <br> - Student has achieved comprehension success at Level N or above. |
| 4. Reads with comprehension: Inferential (inferences, predictions, conclusions). |  |  |  |  |
| Trimester | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 1st | - Student notices few details in pictures and text. <br> - Student does not extend thinking or demonstrate inferential understanding of informational and imaginative texts. <br> - Student has achieved comprehension success at Level $G$ or below. | - Student inconsistently notices some clues in pictures and text. <br> - Student sometimes extends thinking to describe a few clues. <br> - Student demonstrates a limited inferential understanding of informational and imaginative texts. <br> - Student has achieved comprehension success at Level H or I. | - Student usually notices clues in pictures and text. <br> - Student extends thinking by describing characters, events, and ideas beyond what is stated and shown in the text. <br> - Student demonstrates an adequate inferential understanding of informational and imaginative texts. <br> - Student has achieved comprehension success at Level J or K. | In above-grade-level texts: <br> - Student consistently notices and analyzes clues in pictures and text. <br> - Student extends thinking by describing and explaining clues to analyze and evaluate characters, events, ideas, setting, and author's purpose. <br> - Student demonstrates an insightful inferential understanding of informational and imaginative texts. <br> - Student has achieved comprehension success at Level L or above. |

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| 2nd | - Student notices few details in pictures and text. <br> - Student does not extend thinking or demonstrate inferential understanding of informational and imaginative texts. <br> - Student has achieved comprehension success at Level I or below. | - Student inconsistently notices some clues in pictures and text. <br> - Student sometimes extends thinking to describe a few clues. <br> - Student demonstrates a limited inferential understanding of informational and imaginative texts. <br> - Student has achieved comprehension success at Level J or K. | - Student usually notices clues in pictures and text. <br> - Student consistently extends thinking by describing characters, events, and ideas beyond what is stated and shown in the text. <br> - Student demonstrates an adequate inferential understanding of informational and imaginative texts. <br> - Student has achieved comprehension success at Level L. | In above-grade-level texts: <br> - Student adequately notices and analyzes clues in pictures and text. <br> - Student consistently extends thinking by describing and explaining clues to analyze and evaluate characters, events, ideas, setting, and author's purpose. <br> - Student demonstrates an adequate inferential and insightful understanding of informational and imaginative texts. <br> - Student has achieved comprehension success at Level M. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3rd | - Student notices few details in pictures and text; does not extend thinking or demonstrate inferential understanding of informational and imaginative texts. <br> - Student has achieved comprehension success at Level J or below. | - Student inconsistently notices some clues in pictures and text; sometimes extends thinking to describe a few clues; demonstrates a limited inferential understanding of informational and imaginative texts. <br> - Student has achieved comprehension success at Level K. | - Student consistently notices clues in pictures and text; extends thinking by describing characters, events, and ideas beyond what is stated and shown in the text; demonstrates an inferential understanding of informational and imaginative texts. <br> - Student has achieved comprehension success at Level M. | In above-grade-level texts: <br> - Student consistently analyzes clues in pictures and text; extends thinking by describing and explaining clues to analyze and evaluate characters, events, ideas, setting, and author's purpose; demonstrates an insightful inferential understanding of informational and imaginative texts. <br> - Student has achieved comprehension success at Level N or above. |
| Reading level as indicated on the Teachers College Reading Level Benchmarks for the Independent Reading Level Assessment (IRLA). |  |  |  |  |
| 5. Reads with fluency (expression, phrasing, rate, accuracy). <br> $\rightarrow$ Demonstrates the ability to read accurately at an appropriate pace with expression. |  |  |  |  |
| Trimester | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| ALL | - Student does not demonstrate fluency when reading target high-frequency and decodable | - Student reads some target high-frequency and decodable words accurately. | - Student consistently reads target high-frequency and decodable words accurately and | - Student consistently reads above-level, high-frequency and decodable words accurately and |

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|  | words. <br> - Lack of fluent reading is evident during independent reading of texts. <br> - Reading of texts is very choppy and slow. <br> - Student does not attend to spaces between words or to ending punctuation. | - Student may read words very quickly and inaccurately or very slowly and inaccurately. <br> - Reading is somewhat fluent when independently reading texts. <br> - Student reads leveled texts either too slowly or too quickly. <br> - Reading is choppy some of the time. <br> - Student does not consistently attend to ending punctuation. <br> - Student uses very little or no expression. | with appropriate pacing. <br> - Student uses and recognizes word patterns when reading words fluently. <br> - Student demonstrates fluent reading of on level texts. <br> - Student reads accurately. <br> - Student pauses briefly between words. <br> - Student attends to ending punctuation. <br> - Student uses expression matched to meaning and punctuation. | with appropriate pacing. <br> - Student demonstrates fluent reading of above-level texts when reading independently. <br> - Student attends to internal and ending punctuation. <br> - Reading is fluid and accurate. <br> - Student uses phrasing to group words that go together. <br> - Expression is matched to the mood, character's feelings, or actions in the text. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6. Demonstrates stamina during independent reading. |  |  |  |  |
| Trimester | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 1st | Student is unable or rarely able to sustain attention for 15 minutes. | Student is approaching reading stamina for 20 minutes. | Student consistently sustains attention during independent reading for 20 minutes. | Student consistently sustains attention during independent reading for 25 minutes. |
| 2nd | Student is unable or rarely able to sustain attention for 20 minutes. | Student is approaching reading stamina for 25 minutes. | Student consistently sustains attention during independent reading for 25 minutes. | Student consistently sustains attention during independent reading for 30 minutes. |
| 3rd | Student is unable or rarely able to sustain attention for 25 minutes. | Student is approaching reading stamina for 30 minutes. | Student consistently sustains attention during independent reading for 30 minutes. | Student consistently sustains attention during independent reading for more than 35 minutes. |

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## WRITING

1. Generates ideas.

| Trimester | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ALL | - Student does not generate ideas. <br> - Student does not use pre-writing strategies taught in units of study. | - Student generates a few ideas from experience. <br> $\bullet$ Student uses a 1-2 pre-writing strategies taught in units of study. | - Student generates, supports, and elaborates on ideas for writing from own experiences, stories read, informational text, or imagination. <br> - Student uses at least 3 pre-writing strategies to identify and narrow topic and to plan parts of the writing (lists, webs, and organizers), as taught in units of study. | - Student generates and tries out ideas from experience, stories read, informational text, or imagination. <br> - Student uses 3 more than pre-writing strategies taught in units of study to narrow a topic and to thoroughly plan writing taught in units of study. |

2. Develops ideas in an organized manner (beginning, middle, end).

| Trimester | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ALL | - Most of the student's ideas are not relevant to the topic. <br> - There is a beginning with one or two unrelated details. <br> - Student uses few basic text features. <br> - Student uses many sentence fragments or run-ons. | - Student's writing is partially organized with some ideas relevant to the topic. <br> - There is a beginning and end with a few details. <br> - Student uses some simple text features. <br> - Some sentences are incomplete or run-on. | - Student's writing is organized; most ideas are relevant to the topic. <br> - There is a clear beginning, middle, and end with related details in each part. <br> - Student uses target text features (title, pictures, captions, author, page numbers). <br> - Student writes complete sentences. <br> - Student produces complete declarative, interrogative, imperative, and exclamatory sentences. | - Student's writing is organized with ideas that are relevant to and support the topic and purpose. <br> - There is a well-developed beginning, middle, and end with many relevant details. <br> - Student uses above-level text features. <br> - Student write complete sentences with different kinds of words complexity (declarative, interrogative, imperative, and exclamatory). |

3. Demonstrates stamina during independent writing time.

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| Trimester | 1 | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1st | Student is unable or rarely able to <br> write independently for 20 minutes. | Student is approaching <br> independent writing stamina of 20 <br> minutes. | Student consistently writes <br> independently for 20 minutes. | Student consistently writes <br> independently for more than 20 <br> minutes. |
| 2nd | Student is unable or rarely able to <br> write independently for 25 <br> minutes. | Student is approaching <br> independent writing stamina of 25 <br> minutes. | Student consistently writes <br> independently for 25 minutes. | Student consistently writes <br> independently for more than 25 <br> minutes. |
| 3rd | Student is approaching independent <br> writing stamina of 30 minutes. | Student consistently writes <br> independently for 30 minutes. | Student consistently writes <br> independently for more than 30 <br> minutes. | Student consistently writes <br> independently for more than 30 <br> minutes. |

4. Uses capitalization and punctuation appropriately.

| Trimester | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1st | Student does not or rarely applies grade-level mechanics of capitalization and punctuation, including: <br> - Proper names, months when writing dates, holidays, words in a title, "I." <br> - Question marks, periods, exclamation points. <br> - Commas to separate day from year in dates. | Student is beginning to apply grade-level mechanics of capitalization and punctuation, including: <br> - Proper names, months when writing dates, holidays, words in a title, "I." <br> - Question marks, periods, exclamation points. <br> - Commas to separate day from year in dates. | Student usually applies grade-level mechanics of capitalization and punctuation, including: <br> - Proper names, months when writing dates, holidays, words in a title, "I." <br> - Question marks, periods, exclamation points. <br> - Commas to separate day from year in dates. | Student consistently applies above-grade-level mechanics of capitalization and punctuation. |
| 2nd | Student does not or rarely applies grade-level mechanics of capitalization and punctuation as listed in the 1st Trimester, plus: <br> - Commas when listing. | Student is beginning to apply grade-level mechanics of capitalization and punctuation as listed in the 1st Trimester, plus: <br> - Commas when listing. | Student usually applies grade-level mechanics of capitalization and punctuation as listed in the 1st Trimester, plus: <br> - Commas when listing and in greetings and closings of letters. | Student consistently applies above-grade-level mechanics of capitalization and punctuation. |

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Student rarely applies grade-level mechanics of capitalization and punctuation as listed in the 1st and 2nd Trimester, plus:

- Apostrophe in contractions.

Student is beginning to apply grade-level mechanics of capitalization and punctuation as listed in the 1st and 2nd Trimester, plus:

- Apostrophe in contractions.

Student applies grade-level mechanics of capitalization and punctuation as listed in the 1st and 2nd Trimester, plus:

- Apostrophe in contractions and frequently occurring possessives.

Student consistently applies above-grade-level mechanics of capitalization and punctuation.
5. Applies conventions of grammar and usage.

| Trimester | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1st | Student does not or rarely applies grade-level grammar and usage, including: <br> - Produce complete simple sentences. <br> - Collective nouns to describe groups. | Student often applies grade-level grammar and usage, including: <br> - Produce complete simple Sentences <br> - Collective nouns to describe groups. | Student consistently applies grade-level grammar and usage, including: <br> - Produce complete simple sentences. <br> - Collective nouns to describe groups. | Student consistently applies above-grade-level conventions of grammar and usage. |
| 2nd | Student does not or rarely applies grade-level grammar and usage as listed in the 1st Trimester, plus: <br> - Expanding simple sentences. <br> - Compound sentences. <br> - Adjectives, adverbs, and pronouns. | Student often applies grade-level grammar and usage as listed in the 1st Trimester, plus: <br> - Expanding simple sentences. <br> - Compound sentences. <br> - Adjectives, adverbs, and pronouns. | Student consistently applies grade-level grammar and usage as listed in the 1st Trimester, plus: <br> - Expanding simple sentences. <br> - Compound sentences. <br> - Adjectives, adverbs, and pronouns. | Student consistently applies above-grade-level conventions of grammar and usage. |
| 3rd | Student does not or rarely applies grade-level grammar and usage as listed in the 1st and 2nd Trimesters, plus: <br> - Frequently occurring, irregular plural nouns to describe multiple things. <br> - Past-tense irregular verbs. | Student often applies grade-level grammar and usage as listed in the 1st and 2nd Trimesters, plus: <br> - Frequently occurring, irregular plural nouns to describe multiple things. <br> - Past-tense irregular verbs. | Student consistently applies grade-level grammar and usage as listed in the 1st and 2nd Trimesters, plus: <br> - Frequently occurring, irregular plural nouns to describe multiple things. <br> - Past-tense irregular verbs. | Student consistently applies above-grade-level conventions of grammar and usage. |

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6. Learns and applies spelling patterns.

| Trimester | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| ALL | Student does not use or rarely edit <br> spelling of grade-level decodable <br> and high-frequency words. | Student sometimes uses and edits <br> spelling of grade-level decodable <br> and high-frequency words. | Student consistently uses and edits <br> spelling of many grade-level <br> decodable and <br> high-frequency words, by <br> consulting reference materials. | Student consistently uses and edits <br> spelling of grade-level and above- <br> grade-level decodable and high- <br> frequency words. |

## 7. Applies revision and editing strategies.

| Trimester | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ALL | - Student does not read or revise his/her own writing. <br> - Student does not reread his/her writing to edit for capitalization, punctuation, and spelling. | - Student sometimes rereads and revises some of his/her own writing with teacher or partner. <br> - Student adds or deletes a few words. <br> - Student sometimes rereads his/her writing to teacher or parent. <br> - Student sometimes attempts to edit for capitalization and punctuation with a partner or teacher to check and correct spelling. | - Student rereads his/her writing to self, teacher, and writing partner. <br> - Student revises to make writing look and sound better by adding, deleting, and changing some words and details. <br> - Student rereads his/her writing to self, teacher, and writing partner to edit for capitalization and punctuation. <br> - Student attempts to edit independently by consulting reference materials to check and correct spelling. | - Student consistently rereads and revises his/her own writing independently and with partners. <br> - Student revises to make it look and sound better by adding, deleting, rearranging, and moving words and sentences. <br> - Student consistently rereads his/her writing to self, teacher, and writing partner to edit for capitalization and punctuation. <br> - Student consistently attempts to edit independently by consulting reference materials to check and correct spelling. |
| 8. Applies handwriting skills to write legibly. |  |  |  |  |
| Trimester | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| ALL | Student does not write legibly. | Student rarely writes legibly. | Student writes legibly. | Student consistently writes legibly. |

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## LISTENING AND SPEAKING

## 1. Expresses ideas clearly and effectively.

| Trimester | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ALL | Student rarely expresses ideas and comments in complete sentences, using descriptive language and correct verb tense, subject-verb agreement, and correct use of irregular plural nouns. | Student occasionally expresses ideas and comments in complete sentences, using descriptive language and correct verb tense, subject-verb agreement, and correct use of irregular plural nouns. | Student consistently expresses ideas and comments in complete sentences, using descriptive language and correct verb tense, subject-verb agreement, and correct use of irregular plural nouns. | - Student consistently uses and extends grade-appropriate academic vocabulary. <br> - Student consistently uses grade-appropriate conventions of standard English grammar and usage. <br> - Student consistently makes effective choices about language and sentence structure for meaning and style. |

2. Demonstrates listening skills for information and understanding.

| Trimester | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ALL | - Student is rarely able to retell key ideas presented orally or through media. <br> - Student rarely asks/answers questions about information presented orally or visually in order to deepen understanding. | - Student is occasionally able to retell key ideas presented orally or through media. <br> - Student occasionally asks/answers questions about information presented orally or visually in order to deepen understanding. | - Student is consistently able to retell key ideas presented orally or through media. <br> - Student consistently asks/answers questions about information presented orally or visually in order to deepen understanding. | - Student consistently reports and extends on a topic. <br> - Student consistently recounts stories or experiences with appropriate facts and descriptive details. <br> - Student consistently asks/answers questions about presentations, offering appropriate details. |
| 3. Participates in group discussions actively and appropriately. |  |  |  |  |
| Trimester | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |

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- Student rarely engages in group discussions.
- Student rarely stays on topic by linking his/her own additions to the conversation to the previous remarks of others.
- Student rarely asks for clarification and further explanation as needed.
- Student rarely extends his/her ideas and understanding in light of the discussion
- Student occasionally engages in group discussions.
- Student occasionally stays on topic by linking his/her own additions to the conversation to the previous remarks of others.
- Student occasionally asks for clarification and further explanation as needed.
- Student occasionally extends his/her ideas and understanding in light of the discussion.
- Student consistently engages in group discussions.
- Student consistently stays on topic by linking his/her own additions to the conversation to the previous remarks of others. - Student consistently asks for clarification and further explanation as needed.
- Student consistently extends his/her ideas and understanding in light of the discussion.
- Student consistently engages and extends in group discussions.
- Student consistently stays on topic by linking his/her own additions to the conversation to the previous remarks of others. - Student consistently asks for clarification and further explanation as needed.
- Student consistently extends his/her ideas and understanding in light of the discussion.
- Student consistently acknowledges new information provided by others and incorporates it into his/her own thinking as appropriate.


## MATH

1. Understands and applies mathematical concepts.

| Trimester | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1st | Counting Sequence: <br> - Student does not count sets of up to 100 objects. <br> - Student cannot identify and see patterns in number sequence to count, read, and write numbers to 100 and beyond. <br> Addition and Subtraction: <br> - Student is not fluent with addition and subtraction within 20. | Counting Sequence: <br> - Student sometimes counts sets of up to 100 objects. <br> - Student sometimes identifies and sees patterns in number sequence to count, read, and write numbers to 100 and beyond. <br> Addition and Subtraction: <br> - Student is somewhat fluent with addition and subtraction within 20. | Counting Sequence: <br> - Student counts sets of up to 100 objects. <br> - Student consistently identifies and sees patterns in number sequence to count, read, and write numbers to 100 and beyond. <br> Addition and Subtraction: <br> - Student is fluent with addition and subtraction within 20. | Counting Sequence: <br> - Student counts beyond 100 objects. <br> - Student consistently and independently identifies and sees patterns in number sequence to count, read, and write numbers to 100 and beyond. <br> Addition and Subtraction: <br> - Student is fluent beyond and |

$\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|}\hline & \begin{array}{l}\text { - Student does not understand } \\ \text { and does not use known } \\ \text { combinations to add several } \\ \text { numbers in any order. } \\ \bullet \text { Student is not able to solve a } \\ \text { comparison story with the } \\ \text { difference unknown. } \\ \text { Counting Money: }\end{array} \\ \begin{array}{l}\text { Student is unable or rarely able to } \\ \text { identify the value of a group of } \\ \text { dimes, nickels, and pennies and } \\ \text { cannot count combinations of } \\ \text { coins. } \\ \text { Geometry (2-D/3-D Shapes): }\end{array} \\ \begin{array}{l}\text { Student does not use language to } \\ \text { define attributes of 2-D and 3-D } \\ \text { shapes (numbers and shapes of } \\ \text { faces, number and length of sides, } \\ \text { number of vertices) and does not } \\ \text { draw shapes with those attributes. }\end{array} \\ \text { 2nd } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Geometry: } \\ \text { •Student does not or rarely } \\ \text { recognize that [halves, thirds, } \\ \text { fourths] of the same whole can look } \\ \text { different. } \\ \bullet \text { Student does not or rarely } \\ \text { partition 2-D shapes into halves, } \\ \text { thirds and fourths and name the } \\ \text { regions. }\end{array} \\ \hline \begin{array}{l}\text { Using Addition and Subtraction } \\ \text { Strategies: Student does not use or }\end{array} \\ \text { rarely uses manipulatives, pictures, } \\ \text { and/or number sentences to solve } \\ \text { put together/take apart story } \\ \text { problems with the total unknown, } \\ \text { and add to and take from story }\end{array}\right\}$

- Student somewhat understands and uses known combinations to add several numbers in any order.
- Student can somewhat solve a comparison story with the difference unknown.


## Counting Money:

Student sometimes identifies the value of a group of dimes, nickels, and pennies and count combinations of coins.

## Geometry (2-D/3-D Shapes):

Student somewhat uses language to define attribute attributes of 2-D and $3-D$ shapes (numbers and shapes of faces, number and length of sides, number of vertices) and draw shapes with those attributes.

## Geometry:

- Student can sometimes recognize that [halves, thirds, fourths] of the same whole can look different. - Student can sometimes partition 2-D shapes into halves, thirds and fourths and name the regions.


## Using Addition and Subtraction

Strategies: Student sometimes uses manipulatives, pictures, and/or number sentences to solve put together/take apart story problems with the total unknown, and add to and take from story problems with

- Student understands and uses known combinations to add several numbers in any order.
- Student can consistently solve a comparison story with the difference unknown.


## Counting Money:

Student identifies the value of a group of dimes, nickels, and pennies and count combinations of coins.

## Geometry (2-D/3-D Shapes):

Student consistently uses language to define attributes of 2-D and 3-D shapes (numbers and shapes of faces, number and length of sides, number of vertices) and draw shapes with those attributes.

## Geometry

- Student can consistently recognize that [halves, thirds, fourths] of the same whole can look different.
- Student can consistently partition 2-D shapes into halves, thirds and fourths and name the regions.
problems with the result unknown.


## Place Value:

- Student does not understand or rarely understands that 130 can
be seen as thirteen tens, and as 130 ones.
- Student rarely understands that multiples of 100 (e.g., 200, 300, 400, etc.) are made up of a number ( 2,3 , 4 , etc.) of hundreds.


## Modeling with Data:

- Student is unable to or rarely able organize a set of data into up to four categories.
- Student is unable to or rarely can create, describe, and interpret a variety of data representations, including picture graphs and bar graphs.
- Student does not or rarely can order, represent, and describe a set of numerical data.
- Student can sometimes create a survey question \& where its solution can be found through its collection of data.


## Counting Money:

Student is unable to or can rarely show 2-digit numbers with dimes/pennies, adding dimes to a number, calculating coins and then solving for how far from $\$ 1.00$, shopping to spend a dollar and showing all the many ways that a number could be made with coins.

## the result unknown.

## Place Value:

- Student sometimes understands that 130 can be seen as thirteen tens and as 100 ones.
- Student sometimes understands
that multiples of 100 (e.g., 200, 300,
400 , etc.) are made up of a
number (2, 3, 4, etc.) of hundreds.


## Modeling with Data:

- Student sometimes can organize a set of data into up to four categories - Student can somewhat create, describe, and interpret a variety of data representations, including picture graphs and bar graphs.
- Student can somewhat order, represent, and describe a set of numerical data.
- Student can sometimes create a survey question \& where its solution can be found through its collection of data.


## Counting Money:

Student can sometimes show 2digit numbers with dimes/pennies, adding dimes to a number, calculating coins and then solving for how far from $\$ 1.00$, shopping to spend a dollar and showing all the many ways that a number could be made with coins.
problems with the result unknown.

## Place Value:

- Student consistently understands that 130 can be seen as thirteen tens, and as 130 ones.
- Student consistently understands that multiples of 100 (e.g., 200, 300, 400 , etc.) are made up of a number (2, 3, 4, etc.) of hundreds.


## Modeling with Data:

- Student can consistently organize a set of data into up to four categories.
- Student can consistently create, describe, and interpret a variety of data representations, including picture graphs and bar graphs. - Student can consistently order, represent, and describe a set of numerical data.
- Student can consistently create a survey question \& where its solution can be found through collection of data.


## Counting Money:

Student can consistently show 2digit numbers with dimes/pennies, adding dimes to a number, calculating coins and then solving for how far from $\$ 1.00$, shopping to spend a dollar and showing all the many ways that a number could be made with coins.
and take from story problems with the result unknown.

## Place Value:

- Student consistently and independently understands that 100 can be seen one hundred, as ten tens. and as 100 ones.
- Student consistently and independently understands that multiples of 100 (e.g., 200, 300, 400, etc.) are made up of a number ( 2,3 , 4 , etc.) of hundreds.


## Modeling with Data:

- Student can consistently and independently organize a set of data into up to four categories.
- Student can consistently and independently create, describe, and interpret a variety of data representations, including picture graphs and bar graphs.
- Student can consistently and independently order, represent, and describe a set of numerical data.
- Student can consistently and independently create a survey question \& where its solution can be found through collection of data.


## Counting Money:

Student can consistently and independently show 2-digit numbers with dimes/pennies, adding dimes to a number, calculating coins and then solving for how far from $\$ 1.00$, shopping to spend a dollar and showing all

|  |  |  |  | the many ways that a number could be made with coins. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3rd | Place Value: | Place Value: | Place Value: | Place Value: |
|  | - Student is unable to understand that 3-digit numbers represent | - Student sometimes understands | - Student consistently understands | - Student consistently and independently understands that <br> 3-digit numbers represent amounts |
|  | amounts of hundreds, tens, and ones. <br> - Student is unable to read, write, | that 3-digit numbers represent amounts of hundreds, tens, and | amounts of hundreds, tens, and ones. |  |
|  | count and compare numbers to 1,000. | - Student can sometimes read, write, count and compare numbers to 1,000. | write, count and compare numbers to 1,000 . | - Student can consistently and independently read, write, count and compare numbers to 1,000 . |
|  | Addition/Subtraction: |  | Addition/Subtraction: |  |
|  | - Student is unable to or can rarely add/subtract 10 or 100 to/ from | Addition/Subtraction: <br> - Student can sometimes | - Student can consistently add/subtract 10 or 100 to/ fro | Addition/Subtraction: |
|  | numbers within 1,000. | add/subtract 10 or 100 to/ from | numbers within 1,000. | - Student can consistently and independently add/subtract 10 or |
|  | - Student is unable to or can rarely utilize strategies to add | numbers within 1,000. <br> - Student can sometimes utilize | - Student can consistently utilize strategies to add numbers within | 100 to/from numbers within 1,000. |
|  | numbers within 100. | strategies to add numbers within | $100 .$ | independently utilize strategies to |
|  | - Student is unable to or can rarely utilize strategies to subtract | 100. <br> - Student can sometimes utilize | - Student can consistently utilize strategies to subtract 2-digit | add numbers within 100. <br> - Student can consistently and |
|  | 2-digit numbers. | strategies to subtract 2-digit numbers. | numbers. | independently utilize strategies to subtract 2-digit numbers. |
|  | Counting: Student is unable to or |  | Counting: |  |
|  | can rarely count by $5 \mathrm{~s}, 10 \mathrm{~s}$, and | Counting: Student can sometimes | Student can consistently count by | Student can consistently and |
|  | 100s within 1,000. <br> Measurement \& Data: | count by $5 \mathrm{~s}, 10 \mathrm{~s}$, and 100 s within 1,000. | $5 \mathrm{~s}, 10 \mathrm{~s}$, and 100 s within 1,000 . <br> Measurement \& Data: | Student can consistently and independently count by $5 \mathrm{~s}, 10$ s, and 100 s within 1,000 . |
|  | - Student is unable to or can rarely recognize that, when measuring the | Measurement \& Data: <br> - Student can sometimes recognize | - Student can consistently recognize that, when measuring the same | Measurement \& Data: |
|  | same length, larger units yield | that, when measuring the same | length, larger units yield smaller | - Student can consistently and independently recognize that, when |
|  | smaller counts (and vice versa). <br> - Student is unable to or can | length, larger units yield smaller counts (and vice versa). | counts (and vice versa). <br> - Student can consistently estimate | measuring the same length, larger |
|  | rarely estimate and measure lengths | - Student can sometimes estimate | and measure lengths in inches, feet, | units yield smaller counts (and vice |
|  | in inches, feet, centimeters, and meters. | and measure lengths in inches, feet, centimeters, and meters. | centimeters, and meters. <br> - Student can consistently represent | versa). |
|  | - Student is unable to or can rarely represent measurement data | - Student can sometimes represent measurement data on a line plot. | measurement data on a line plot. | - Student can consistently and independently estimate and measure lengths in inches, feet, |

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|  | on a line plot. <br> Equal Groups: Student is unable to or can rarely define even and odd numbers in terms of numbers that can/cannot be organized into groups of two or two equal groups. <br> Writing Equations: <br> - Student is unable to or can rarely write an equation to express an even number as a sum of two equal addends. <br> - Student is unable to or can rarely write an addition equation to express the total number of objects in a rectangular array. <br> Time: Student is unable to or can rarely name, notate, and tell time to the nearest 5 minutes using analog and digital formats and associate a.m. and p.m. with time of day. | Equal Groups: Student can sometimes define even and odd numbers in terms of numbers that can/cannot be organized into groups of two or two equal groups. <br> Writing Equations: <br> - Student can sometimes write an equation to express an even number as a sum of two equal addends. <br> - Student can sometimes write an addition equation to express the total number of objects in a rectangular array. <br> Time: Student can sometimes name, notate, and tell time to the nearest 5 minutes using analog and digital formats and associate a.m. and p.m. with time of day. | Equal Groups: Student can consistently define even and odd numbers in terms of numbers that can/cannot be organized into groups of two or two equal groups. <br> Writing Equations: <br> - Student can consistently write an equation to express an even number as a sum of two equal addends. <br> - Student can consistently write an addition equation to express the total number of objects in a rectangular array. <br> Time: Student can consistently name, notate, and tell time to the nearest 5 minutes using analog and digital formats and associate a.m. and p.m. with time of day. | centimeters, and meters. <br> - Student can consistently and independently represent measurement data on a line plot. <br> Equal Groups: Student can consistently and independently define even and odd numbers in terms of numbers that can/cannot be organized into groups of two or two equal groups. <br> Writing Equations: <br> - Student can consistently and independently write an equation to express an even number as a sum of two equal addends. <br> - Student can consistently and independently write an addition equation to express the total number of objects in a rectangular array. <br> Time: Student can consistently and independently name, notate, and tell time to the nearest 5 minutes using analog and digital formats and associate a.m. and p.m. with time of day. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2. Recalls math facts with accuracy. |  |  |  |  |
| Trimester | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 1st | Student is unable or rarely able to add and subtract 1-digit numbers up to or from 10. | Student can sometimes add and subtract 1-digit numbers up to or from 10. | Student can consistently add and subtract 1-digit numbers up to or from 10. | Student can consistently add and subtract 1-digit numbers up to or from 16 or higher. |
| 2nd | Student is unable or rarely able to | Student can sometimes add and | Student can consistently add and | Student can consistently add and |

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|  | add and subtract 1-digit numbers <br> up to or from 16. | subtract 1-digit numbers up to or <br> from 16. | subtract 1-digit numbers up to or <br> from 16. | subtract 1-digit numbers up to or <br> from 20 or higher. |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3rd | Student is unable or rarely able to <br> add and subtract 1-digit numbers <br> up to or from 20. | Student can sometimes add and <br> subtract 1-digit numbers up to or <br> from 20. | Student can consistently add and <br> subtract 1-digit numbers up to or <br> from 20. | Student can consistently add and <br> subtract 2-digit numbers up to or <br> from 99. |

3. Uses a variety of strategies to solve problems.

| Trimester | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1st | Using Addition and Subtraction Strategies: Student is unable or rarely able to use manipulatives, pictures, or number sentences to solve put together/take apart story problems with the total unknown, and add to and take from story problems with the result unknown. | Using Addition and Subtraction Strategies: Student sometimes uses manipulatives, pictures, and/or number sentences to solve put together/take apart story problems with the total unknown, and add to and take from story problems with the result unknown. | Using Addition and Subtraction Strategies: Student consistently uses manipulatives, pictures, and/or number sentences to solve put together/take apart story problems with the total unknown, and add to and take from story problems with the result unknown. | Using Addition and Subtraction Strategies: Student consistently solves complex problems independently through a variety of strategies. |
| 2nd | Using Addition and Subtraction <br> Strategies: Student is unable or rarely able to use manipulatives, pictures, or number sentences to solve put together/take apart story problems with the total unknown, and add to and take from story problems with the result unknown. <br> Place Value: <br> - Student is unable to rarely able to show understanding that 100 can be seen one hundred, as ten tens, and as 100 ones. <br> - Student is unable to or rarely understands that multiples of 100 (e.g., 200, 300, 400, etc.) are made up of a number ( $2,3,4$, etc.) of hundreds. | Using Addition and Subtraction Strategies: Student sometimes uses manipulatives, pictures, and/or number sentences to solve put together/take apart story problems with the total unknown, and add to and take from story problems with the result unknown. <br> Place Value: <br> - Student sometimes understands that 100 can be seen one hundred, as ten tens, and as 100 ones. <br> - Student sometimes understands that multiples of 100 (e.g., 200, 300, 400 , etc.) are made up of a number ( $2,3,4$, etc.) of hundreds. | Using Addition and Subtraction Strategies: Student consistently uses manipulatives, pictures, and/or number sentences to solve put together/take apart story problems with the total unknown, and add to and take from story problems with the result unknown. <br> Place Value: <br> - Student understands that 100 can be seen one hundred, as ten tens, and as 100 ones. <br> - Student understands that multiples of 100 (e.g., 200, 300, 400, etc.) are made up of a number ( 2,3 , 4 , etc.) of hundreds. | Using Addition and Subtraction Strategies: Student consistently and independently solves complex problems independently through a variety of strategies. <br> Place Value: <br> - Student consistently and independently understands that 100 can be seen one hundred, as ten tens and as 100 ones. <br> - Student consistently and independently understands that multiples of 100 (e.g., 200, 300, 400, etc.) are made up of a number ( 2,3 , 4 , etc.) of hundreds. |

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2-Step Problems: Student is unable or rarely able to solve a 2-step story problem that involves finding the difference between a 2-digit number and 100.

## Addition/Subtraction:

- Student is unable to represent and solve addition and subtraction problems with 3-digit numbers.
- Student is unable to solve comparison story problems with a bigger unknown
- Student is unable to solve a comparison story problem with a smaller unknown.

Measurement: Student is unable or rarely able to solve comparison and other story problems about lengths.

Equal Groups: Student is unable to or rarely able to solve problems that involve equal groups.

2-Step Problems: Student can sometimes solve a 2-step story problem that involves finding the difference between a 2-digit number and 100.

## Addition/Subtraction:

- Student can sometimes represent and solve addition and subtraction problems with 3-digit numbers.
- Student can sometimes solve comparison story problems with a bigger unknown.
- Student can sometimes solve a comparison story problem with a smaller unknown.

Measurement: Student can sometimes solve comparison and other story problems about lengths.

## Equal Groups: Student can

 sometimes solve problems that involve equal groups.
## 2-Step Problems: Student can

 consistently solve a 2-step story problem that involves finding the difference between a 2-digit number and 100.
## Addition/Subtraction:

- Student can consistently
represent and solve addition and subtraction problems with 3-digit numbers.
- Student can consistently solve comparison story problems with a bigger unknown.
- Student can consistently solve a comparison story problem with a smaller unknown.

Measurement: Student can consistently solve comparison and other story problems about lengths.

Equal Groups: Student can consistently solve problems that involve equal groups.

2-Step Problems: Student can consistently and independently solve a 2-step story problem that involves finding the difference between a 2-digit number and 100.

## Addition/Subtraction:

- Student can consistently and independently represent and solve addition and subtraction problems with 3-digit numbers.
- Student can consistently and independently solve comparison story problems with a bigger unknown
- Student can consistently and independently solve a comparison story problem with a smaller unknown.

Measurement: Student can consistently and independently solve comparison and other story problems about lengths.

## Equal Groups: Student can

 consistently and independently solve problems that involve equal groups.4. Computes accurately.

| Trimester | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| ALL | Student is unable or rarely able to <br> identify appropriate operations and <br> mathematically compute the <br> correct answer. | Student sometimes identifies <br> appropriate operations and <br> mathematically computes the <br> correct answer. | Student consistently identifies <br> appropriate operations and <br> mathematically computes the <br> correct answer. | Student consistently applies <br> appropriate operations and <br> computes accurately on more <br> complex problems, mental math, <br> and/or other mathematical |

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|  |  |  |  | concepts. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5. Clearly expresses mathematical thinking in written and oral form. |  |  |  |  |
| Trimester | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| ALL | Student is unable or rarely able to communicate mathematical thinking using accurate vocabulary. | Student sometimes, but not consistently, communicates mathematical thinking using accurate vocabulary. | Student often communicates mathematical thinking using accurate vocabulary. | - Student communicates all mathematical thinking precisely and with accurate vocabulary. <br> - Student communicates logical arguments clearly in oral, written, and/or graphic form to show why a result makes sense. |

## SCIENCE

Demonstrates understanding of concepts.
EARTH SCIENCE: Properties of Matter and Changes to Matter

| Trimester | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1st | Student rarely demonstrates understanding of vocabulary, Crosscutting Concepts, Science and Engineering practices, and key concepts including: <br> - States \& Properties of Matter. <br> - The effects of heating and cooling of matter. <br> - Using matter for an intended purpose. <br> - Matter can be arranged in different ways. <br> - Mixing matter. | Student is beginning to demonstrate understanding of vocabulary, Crosscutting Concepts, Science and Engineering practices, and key concepts including: <br> - States \& Properties of Matter. <br> - The effects of heating and cooling of matter. <br> - Using matter for an intended purpose. <br> - Matter can be arranged in different ways. | Student demonstrates understanding of vocabulary, Crosscutting Concepts, Science and Engineering practices, and key concepts including: <br> - States \& Properties of Matter. <br> - The effects of heating and cooling of matter. <br> - Using matter for an intended purpose. <br> - Matter can be arranged in different ways. <br> - Mixing matter. | Student consistently and independently extends understanding through application. |

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|  |  | - Mixing matter. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Demonstrates understanding of concepts. <br> PHYSICAL SCIENCE: Earth's Surface \& Earth's Surface Changes |  |  |  |  |
| Trimester | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 2nd | Student rarely demonstrates understanding of vocabulary, Crosscutting Concepts, Science and Engineering practices, and key concepts including: <br> - Landforms are Earth. <br> - Locating Earth's oceans and fresh water. <br> - Slow and quick changes to the Earth's surface. <br> - Causes and ways to prevent changes. | Student is beginning to demonstrate understanding of vocabulary, Crosscutting Concepts, Science and Engineering practices, and key concepts including: <br> - Landforms are Earth. <br> - Locating Earth's oceans and fresh water. <br> - Slow and quick changes to the Earth's surface. <br> - Causes and ways to prevent changes. | Student demonstrates understanding of vocabulary, Crosscutting Concepts, Science and Engineering practices, and key concepts including: <br> - Landforms are Earth. <br> - Locating Earth's oceans and fresh water. <br> - Slow and quick changes to the Earth's surface. <br> - Causes and ways to prevent changes. | Student consistently and independently extends understanding through application. |
| Demonstrates understanding of concepts of <br> LIFE SCIENCE: Living Things in Habitats and Plants and Their Needs |  |  |  |  |
| Trimester | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 3rd | Student rarely demonstrates understanding of vocabulary, Crosscutting Concepts, Science and Engineering practices, and key concepts including: <br> - Types of habitats <br> - Living things in habitats <br> - Plant and animal dependence <br> - Forests and Grasslands <br> - Oceans and Deserts | Student is beginning to demonstrate understanding of vocabulary, Crosscutting Concepts, Science and Engineering practices, and key concepts including: <br> - Types of habitats <br> - Living things in habitats <br> - Plant and animal dependence <br> - Forests and Grasslands <br> - Oceans and Deserts | Student demonstrates understanding of vocabulary, Crosscutting Concepts, Science and Engineering practices, and key concepts including: <br> - Types of habitats <br> - Living things in habitats <br> - Plant and animal dependence <br> - Forests and Grasslands | Student consistently and independently extends understanding through application. |
| Applies knowledge to solve scientific investigations. |  |  |  |  |

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| Trimester | $\mathbf{1}$ |  | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| ALL | Student is rarely able to use the <br> three strands to plan and conduct <br> investigations and communicate <br> observations (Crosscutting <br> Concepts and Science and <br> Engineering Practices). | Student is beginning to learn <br> through discovery. Student <br> sometimes is abbe to use some of the <br> three stands to plan and conduct <br> investigations and communicate <br> observations (Crosscutting <br> Concepts and Science and <br> Engineering Practices). | Student learns through discovery. <br> Student consistently uses the three <br> stands to plan and conduct <br> investigations and communicate <br> observations (Crosscutting <br> Concepts and Science and <br> Engineering Practices). | Student consistently and <br> independently extends scientific <br> understanding by using the three <br> strands. |

## SOCIAL STUDIES

Demonstrates understanding of concepts.

1. Unit 1: New Jersey and Map Skills

| Trimester | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1st | Student rarely demonstrates understanding of key concepts of New Jersey and economics, Including: <br> New Jersey: <br> - The four geographic regions of New Jersey. <br> - The geographic features of each region and how they influence the culture, history, and economy of those regions. <br> - The natural resources available and how people use them. <br> Map Skills: <br> - Different types of maps are used for different purposes. | Student is beginning to demonstrate understanding of key concepts of New Jersey and economics, including: <br> New Jersey: <br> - The four geographic regions of New Jersey. <br> - The geographic features of each region and how they influence the culture, history, and economy of those regions. <br> - The natural resources available and how people use them. <br> Map Skills: <br> - Different types of maps are used for different purposes. | Student demonstrates understanding of key concepts of New Jersey and economics, including: <br> New Jersey: <br> - The four geographic regions of New Jersey. <br> - The geographic features of each region and how they influence the culture, history, and economy of those regions. <br> - The natural resources available and how people use them. <br> Map Skills: <br> - Different types of maps are used for different purposes. | Student meets standards and is able to extend key concepts to real-life experiences. |

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|  | - The map consists of different features that help a user understand how to read a map. | - The map consists of different features that help a user understand how to read a map. | - The map consists of different features that help a user understand how to read a map. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Demonstrates understanding of concepts. <br> 2. Unit 2: United States Regions |  |  |  |  |
| Trimester | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 2nd | Student rarely demonstrates understanding of key concepts of United States regions, including: <br> - The five geographic regions of the United States of America. <br> - The geographic features of each region and how they influence the culture, history, and economy of those regions. <br> - The ways resources are used in each region. <br> - How the places people live influence the way they live. <br> - The ways in which different types of maps are used. | Student is beginning to demonstrate understanding of key concepts of United States regions, including: <br> - The five geographic regions of the United States of America. <br> - The geographic features of each region and how they influence the culture, history, and economy of those regions. <br> - The ways resources are used in each region. <br> - How the places people live influence the way they live. <br> - The ways in which different types of maps are used. | Student demonstrates understanding of key concepts of United States regions, including: <br> - The five geographic regions of the United States of America. <br> - The geographic features of each region and how they influence the culture, history, and economy of those regions. <br> - The ways resources are used in each region. <br> - How the places people live influence the way they live. <br> - The ways in which different types of maps are used. | Student meets standards and is able to extend key concepts to real-life experiences. |
| Demonstrates understanding of concepts. <br> 3. Unit 3: Government (Local and State) |  |  |  |  |
| Trimester | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 3rd | Student rarely demonstrates understanding of key concepts of government, including: <br> - Identifying the purpose of government. <br> - Explaining why we have laws and people to enforce them. <br> - Relating responsibilities and rights. | Student is beginning to demonstrate understanding of key concepts of government, including: <br> - Identifying the purpose of government. <br> - Explaining why we have laws and people to enforce them. <br> - Relating responsibilities and | Student demonstrates understanding of key concepts of government, including: <br> - Identifying the purpose of government. <br> - Explaining why we have laws and people to enforce them. <br> - Relating responsibilities and | Student meets standards and is able to extend key concepts to real-life experiences. |

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- Distinguishing between fair and unfair laws and practices. - Explaining the structure of our government on local and state levels.
- Identify how certain individuals worked to change unfair laws.


## Rights.

- Distinguishing between fair and unfair laws and practices.
- Explaining the structure of our government on local and state levels. - Identify how certain individuals worked to change unfair laws.

Rights

- Distinguishing between fair
and unfair laws and practices.
- Explaining the structure of our government on local and state levels. - Identify how certain individuals worked to change unfair laws.


## ART

1. Demonstrates understanding of skills and concepts.

| Trimester | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ALL | Elements and Principles of Art: <br> Student needs support in the following areas: <br> - Student is unable to create 2and 3-dimensional works of art using the basic elements/principles of art such as primary colors, secondary colors, color mixing, line, shape, repetition, rhythm, pattern, and value, as well as tints and shades. <br> Art History/Art Appreciation: <br> Student needs support in the following areas: <br> - Student rarely identifies and distinguishes differences between basic characteristics of artists and movements. <br> - Student rarely identifies characteristics of artwork based on themes of family and community | Elements and Principles of Art: <br> Student is approaching standards in the following areas: <br> - Student is developing the skills needed to create 2- and 3dimensional works of art using the basic elements/ principles of art such as primary colors, secondary colors, color mixing, line, shape, repetition, rhythm, pattern, and value, as well as tints and shades. <br> Art History/Art Appreciation: <br> Student is approaching standards in the following areas: <br> - Student is beginning to identify and distinguish differences between basic characteristics of artists and movements. <br> - Student is beginning to identify characteristics of artwork based on themes of family and community | Elements and Principles of Art: <br> Student meets standards in the following areas: <br> - Student is able to create 2-and 3- dimensional works of art using the basic elements/ principles of art such as primary colors, secondary colors, color mixing, line, shape, repetition, rhythm, pattern, and value, as well as tints and shades. <br> Art History/Art Appreciation: <br> Student meets standards in the following areas: <br> - Student identifies and distinguishes differences between basic characteristics of artists and movements. <br> - Student identifies characteristics of artwork based on themes of family and community from diverse cultures. | Elements and Principles of Art: <br> Student exceeds standards in the following areas: <br> - Student creates 2- and 3dimensional works of art using the basic elements/ principles of art such as primary colors, secondary colors, color mixing, line, shape, repetition, rhythm, pattern, and value, as well as tints and shades. <br> Art History/Art Appreciation: <br> Student exceeds standards in the following areas: <br> - Student consistently identifies and distinguishes differences between basic characteristics of artists and movements. <br> - Student consistently identifies characteristics of artwork based on themes of family and community from diverse |

from diverse cultures.

- Student rarely identifies and applies visual art vocabulary correctly while describing artwork such as landscape, selfportrait, portrait, still life, and 2-dimensional vs. 3-dimensional, collage, overlapping, hatching, stippling, and monochromatic. - Student rarely identifies the basic elements of art and principles of design in diverse types of artwork


## Creative Process:

Student needs support in the following areas:

- Student rarely applies use of elements of art and a variety of media in his/her artwork.
- Student rarely demonstrates the application of visual literacy. - Student rarely creates works of art based on observation of the physical world that illustrates how art is a part of everyday life. - Student rarely uses art media/ tools appropriate to the production of art.
from diverse cultures.
- Student is beginning to identify and apply visual art vocabulary correctly while describing artwork such as landscape, self-portrait, portrait, still life, and 2-dimensional vs. 3-dimensional, collage, overlapping, hatching, stippling, and monochromatic.
- Student is beginning to identify the basic elements of art and principles of design in diverse types of artwork


## Creative Process:

Student is approaching standards in the following areas:

- Student is beginning to apply use of elements of art and a variety of media in his/her artwork.
- Student is beginning to demonstrate the application of visual literacy.
- Student is beginning to create works of art based on observation of the physical world that illustrates how art is a part of everyday life.
- Student is beginning to grasp and demonstrate creative expression of ideas.
- Student is beginning to use art media/tools appropriate to the production of art.
- Student identifies and applies visual art vocabulary correctly while describing artwork such as landscape, self-portrait, portrait, still life, and 2-dimensional vs. 3-dimensional, collage, overlapping, hatching, stippling, and monochromatic.
- Student can identify the basic elements of art and principles of design in diverse types of artwork.


## Creative Process:

Student meets standards in the following areas:

- Student applies use of elements of art and a variety of media in his/her artwork.
- Student understands and demonstrates the application of visual literacy.
- Student comprehends and creates works of art based on observation of the physical world that illustrates how art is a part of everyday life.
- Student grasps and demonstrates creative expression of ideas.
- Student uses a wide array of art media/tools appropriate to the production of art.
- Student consistently identifies and applies visual art vocabulary correctly while describing artwork such as landscape, self-portrait, portrait, still life, and 2-dimensional vs. 3-dimensional, collage, overlapping, hatching, stippling, and monochromatic.
- Student consistently identifies the basic elements of art and principles of design in diverse types of artwork.


## Creative Process:

Student exceeds standards in the following areas:

- Student consistently applies use of elements of art and a variety of media in his/her artwork.
- Student understands and consistently demonstrates the application of visual literacy.
- Student comprehends and consistently creates works of art based on observation of the physical world that illustrates how art is a part of everyday life.
- Student consistently grasps and demonstrates creative expression of ideas.
- Student consistently uses a wide array of art media/tools appropriate to the production of art.


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## MUSIC

## 1. Demonstrates understanding of skills and concepts.

| Trimester | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ALL | Performance: <br> Student needs support in the following areas: <br> - Student is unable to echo the teacher with accurate intonation on sol-mi-la-do solfege syllables. <br> - Student is unable to perform rhythm patterns using dotted half, half, quarter, paired eighth notes, quarter rests, and half rests on non-pitched and barred/mallet instruments. <br> Listen and Respond: <br> Student needs support in the following areas: <br> - Student is unable to analyze and describe music in terms of tempo and dynamics. <br> - Student is unable to identify families of musical instruments and discuss sound quality/tone color of each. <br> Create: Student is unable to improvise a response to a given musical phrase. <br> Reading and Notating: <br> Student needs support in the following areas: <br> - Student is unable to identify a variety of rhythms using dotted | Performance: <br> Student is approaching standards in the following areas: <br> - Student is developing the ability to sing music of a variety of styles and cultures alone and with others. <br> - Student is developing the ability to echo the teacher with accurate intonation on sol-mi-la-do solfege syllables. <br> - Student is developing the ability to perform rhythm patterns using dotted half, half, quarter, paired eighth notes, quarter rests, and half rests. <br> Listen and Respond: <br> Student is approaching standards in the following areas: <br> - Student is beginning to analyze and describe music in terms of tempo and dynamics. <br> - Student is beginning to identify families of musical instruments and discuss sound quality/tone color of each. <br> Create: Student is beginning to improvise a response to a given musical phrase. <br> Reading and Notating: | Performance: <br> Student meets standards in the following areas: <br> - Student is able to sing music of a variety of styles and cultures alone and with others. <br> - Student is able to echo the teacher with accurate intonation on sol-mi-la-do solfege syllables. <br> - Student is able to perform rhythm patterns using dotted half, half, quarter, paired eighth notes, quarter rests, and half rests. <br> Listen and Respond: <br> Student meets standards in the following areas: <br> - Student is able to analyze and describe music in terms of tempo and dynamics. <br> - Student is able to identify families of musical instruments and discuss sound quality/tone color of each. <br> Create: Student is able to improvise a response to a given musical phrase. <br> Reading and Notating: <br> Student meets standards in the following areas: <br> - Student is able to identify a variety of rhythms using dotted half, | Performance: <br> Student exceeds standards in the following areas: <br> - Student is consistently able to sing music of a variety of styles and cultures alone and with others. <br> - Student is consistently able to echo the teacher with accurate intonation on sol-mi-la-do solfege syllables. <br> - Student is consistently able to perform rhythm patterns using dotted half, half, quarter, paired eighth notes, quarter rests, and half rests. <br> Listen and Respond: <br> Student exceeds standards in the following areas: <br> - Student is consistently able to analyze and describe music in terms of tempo and dynamics. <br> - Student is consistently able to identify families of musical instruments and discuss sound quality/tone color of each. <br> Create: Student is consistently able to improvise a response to a given musical phrase. <br> Reading and Notating: <br> Student exceeds standards in the |

## Paramus Public School District

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|  | half, half, quarter, paired eighths, <br> quarter and half notes, and rests. <br> $\bullet$ Student is unable to sing sol- <br> mi-la solfege syllables with pitch <br> accuracy. <br> $\bullet$ Student is unable to match sol- <br> mi-la-do solfege syllables with <br> corresponding Kodaly hand signs. |
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| Student is approaching standards in the following areas: <br> - Student is beginning to identify a variety of rhythms using dotted half, half, quarter, paired eighths, quarter and half notes. and rests. <br> - Student is developing the ability to sing sol-mi-la solfege syllables with pitch accuracy. <br> - Student is developing the ability to match sol-mi-la-do solfege syllables with corresponding Kodaly hand signs. | half, quarter, paired eighths, quarter and half notes, and rests. <br> - Student is able to sing sol-mila solfege syllables with pitch accuracy. <br> - Student is able to match sol-mi-la-do solfege syllables with corresponding Kodaly hand signs. | following areas: <br> - Student is consistently able to identify a variety of rhythms using dotted half, half, quarter, paired eighths, quarter and half notes, and rests. <br> - Student is able to sing sol-mi- <br> la solfege syllables consistently with pitch accuracy. <br> - Student is able to match sol-mi-la-do solfege syllables consistently with corresponding Kodaly hand signs. |
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